

WEST Search History

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DATE: Tuesday, August 07, 2007

<u>Hide?</u>	<u>Set Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit Count</u>
<i>DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L27	l24 not L26	246
<input type="checkbox"/>	L26	octanol near4 partition	2219
<input type="checkbox"/>	L25	L24 and l7.ab.	4
<input type="checkbox"/>	L24	L23 and @pd<20020702	286
<input type="checkbox"/>	L23	L22 and (intranasal or buccal)	1272
<input type="checkbox"/>	L22	L21 and (aerosol or nebuliz\$)	5215
<input type="checkbox"/>	L21	l7 and (composition or (medicin\$ product) or pharmaceutical)	41215
<input type="checkbox"/>	L20	l17 and alcohol	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L19	l17 and (octyl alcohol)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L18	l17 and octanol	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L17	wo-200128555-\$ did.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L16	wo-2001028555-\$ did.	0
<i>DB=PGPB,USPT; THES=ASSIGNEE; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L15	l14 and @pd<20020702	36
<input type="checkbox"/>	L14	L13 and ((cystic fibrosis) or ((obstruction or blockage) near5 (bronch\$ or digest\$)))	48
<input type="checkbox"/>	L13	L12 and @pd<20030702	419
<input type="checkbox"/>	L12	L11 and (intranasal or buccal)	1261
<input type="checkbox"/>	L11	L10 and (aerosol or nebuliz\$)	3418
<input type="checkbox"/>	L10	l7 and (medicin\$ or pharmaceutical)	13862
<input type="checkbox"/>	L9	L8 and (@pd<20030702 or @ad<20030702)	27
<input type="checkbox"/>	L8	L7 and L6	46
<input type="checkbox"/>	L7	hexanol or heptanol or octanol or nonanol or cyclohexanol or cycloheptanol or cyclooctanol or cyclononanol	49005
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	(cftr chloride channel) or (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)	2071
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	L4 and octanol	3
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	L3 and (@pd<20030702 or @ad<20030702)	60
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	L2 and L1	83
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	alcohol or alkanol	618835
<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	cftr chloride channel	180

10/562085

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:42:45 ON 07 AUG 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:42:56 ON 07 AUG 2007

E OCTANOL
E OCTANOL/CN
L1 2 S E3
E HEXANOL/CN
L2 3 S E3
E HEPTANOL/CN
L3 1 S E3
E NONANOL/CN
L4 2 S E3
E DECANOL
E DECANOL/CN
L5 3 S E3
E CYCLOHEXANOL/CN
L6 1 S E3
E 2-HEXANOL/CN
L7 1 S E3
E 2-HEPTANOL
E 2-HEPTANOL/CN
L8 1 S E3
E 2-OCTANOL/CN
L9 1 S E3
E 2-NONANOL/CN
L10 1 S E3
E 2-DECANOL/CN
L11 1 S E3

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:58:43 ON 07 AUG 2007

L12 48679 S L1-L11
L13 8 S L12 AND (CYSTIC FIBROSIS)
SAVE TEMP ALL A10562085/L

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:09:30 ON 07 AUG 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:17:51 ON 07 AUG 2007
L14 6922 S L12 AND (PHARMACEUTICAL OR COMPOSITION)
L15 1 S L14 AND (INTRANASAL OR BUCCAL) AND (AEROSOL OR NEBULIZ?)

10/562085

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:15566 CAPLUS <>LOGINID::20070807>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:86707
TITLE: Use of n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use thereof
INVENTOR(S): Verrier, Bernard; Marcket, Brice; Delmas, Patrick
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique CNRS, Fr.
SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 39 pp.
CODEN: FRXXBL
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2856926	A1	20050107	FR 2003-8064	20030702
FR 2856926	B1	20050930		
CA 2530882	A1	20050210	CA 2004-2530882	20040629
WO 2005011659	A1	20050210	WO 2004-FR1662	20040629
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1638542	A1	20060329	EP 2004-767506	20040629
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2003-8064 A 20030702
WO 2004-FR1662 W 20040629

AB The invention discloses the use of n-alkanols as activators of the CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) channel, as well as application to the treatment of pathologies associated with dysfunction of this channel, e.g. cystic fibrosis

IT 111-87-5, 1-Octanol, biological studies
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)

RN 111-87-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Octanol (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—(CH₂)₇—Me

IT 111-27-3, 1-Hexanol, biological studies 112-30-1,
1-Decanol 123-96-6, 2-Octanol
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)

8/7/2007

10/562085

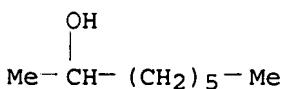
RN 111-27-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Hexanol (CA INDEX NAME)

HO (CH₂)₅ Me

RN 112-30-1 CAPLUS
CN 1-Decanol (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—(CH₂)₉—Me

RN 123-96-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Octanol (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- AB The invention discloses the use of n-alkanols as activators of the CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator) channel, as well as application to the treatment of pathologies associated with dysfunction of this channel, e.g. cystic fibrosis
- ST alkanol CFTR channel activator cystic fibrosis treatment
- IT CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (508-dephenylalanine-; n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)
- IT Cystic fibrosis
Human
Structure-activity relationship
(n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)
- IT CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)
- IT 111-87-5, 1-Octanol, biological studies
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)
- IT 111-27-3, 1-Hexanol, biological studies 111-70-6, 1-Heptanol
112-30-1, 1-Decanol 123-96-6, 2-Octanol
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(n-alkanols as CFTR channel activators, and therapeutic use)

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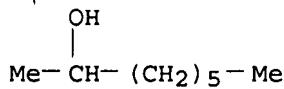
L13 ANSWER 6 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:346154 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20070807>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:399358
TITLE: General anesthetic octanol and related compounds
activate wild-type and delF508 cystic
fibrosis chloride channels
AUTHOR(S): Marcket, Brice; Becq, Frederic; Norez, Caroline;
Delmas, Patrick; Verrier, Bernard
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut de Neurosciences Physiologiques et
Cognitives, CNRS, Marseille, 13402, Fr.
SOURCE: British Journal of Pharmacology (2004), 141(6),
905-914
CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
PUBLISHER: Nature Publishing Group
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator
(CFTR) Cl- channel is defective during cystic fibrosis
(CF). Activators of the CFTR Cl- channel may be useful for therapy of CF.
Here, the authors demonstrate that a range of general anesthetics like
normal-alkanols (n-alkanols) and related compds. can stimulate the Cl-
channel activity of wild-type CFTR and delF508-CFTR mutant. The effects
of n-alkanols like octanol on CFTR activity were measured by iodide (¹²⁵I)
efflux and patch-clamp techniques on three distinct cellular models: (1)
CFTR-expressing Chinese hamster ovary cells, (2) human airway Calu-3
epithelial cells and (3) human airway JME/CF15 epithelial cells which
express the delF508-CFTR mutant. The data show for the first time that
n-alkanols activate both wild-type CFTR and delF508-CFTR mutant. Octanol
stimulated ¹²⁵I efflux in a dose-dependent manner in CFTR-expressing cells
(wild-type and delF508) but not in cell lines lacking CFTR. ¹²⁵I efflux
and Cl- currents induced by octanol were blocked by glibenclamide but
insensitive to 4,4'-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid, as
expected for a CFTR Cl- current. CFTR activation by octanol was neither
due to cell-to-cell uncoupling properties of octanol nor to an
intracellular cAMP increase. CFTR activation by octanol requires
phosphorylation by protein kinase-A (PKA) since it was prevented by H-89,
a PKA inhibitor. N-Alkanols chain length was an important determinant for
channel activation, with rank order of potencies: 1-heptanol < 1-octanol
< 2-octanol < 1-decanol. The findings may be of valuable interest for
developing novel therapeutic strategies for CF.
IT 112-30-1, 1-Decanol 123-96-6, 2-Octanol
29063-28-3, Octanol, biological studies
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and
delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)
RN 112-30-1 CAPLUS
CN 1-Decanol (CA INDEX NAME)

HO (CH₂)₉- Me

RN 123-96-6 CAPLUS
CN 2-Octanol (CA INDEX NAME)

8/7/2007

10/562085



RN 29063-28-3 CAPLUS
CN Octanol (CA INDEX NAME)

Me (CH₂)₆ Me

D1—OH

REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- TI General anesthetic octanol and related compounds activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels
- AB Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) Cl- channel is defective during cystic fibrosis (CF). Activators of the CFTR Cl- channel may be useful for therapy of CF. Here, the authors demonstrate that a range of general anesthetics like normal-alkanols (n-alkanols) and related compds. can stimulate the Cl- channel activity of wild-type CFTR and delF508-CFTR mutant. The effects of n-alkanols like octanol on CFTR activity were measured by iodide (125I) efflux and patch-clamp techniques on three distinct cellular models: (1) CFTR-expressing Chinese hamster ovary cells, (2) human airway Calu-3 epithelial cells and (3) human airway JME/CF15 epithelial cells which express the delF508-CFTR mutant. The data show for the first time that n-alkanols activate both wild-type CFTR and delF508-CFTR mutant. Octanol stimulated 125I efflux in a dose-dependent manner in CFTR-expressing cells (wild-type and delF508) but not in cell lines lacking CFTR. 125I efflux and Cl- currents induced by octanol were blocked by glibenclamide but insensitive to 4,4'-diisothiocyanatostilbene-2,2'-disulfonic acid, as expected for a CFTR Cl- current. CFTR activation by octanol was neither due to cell-to-cell uncoupling properties of octanol nor to an intracellular cAMP increase. CFTR activation by octanol requires phosphorylation by protein kinase-A (PKA) since it was prevented by H-89, a PKA inhibitor. N-Alkanols chain length was an important determinant for channel activation, with rank order of potencies: 1-heptanol < 1-octanol < 2-octanol < 1-decanol. The findings may be of valuable interest for developing novel therapeutic strategies for CF.
- ST octanol alc cystic fibrosis chloride channel
- IT Electric current
(biol.; general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)
- IT Biological transport
(chloride; general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)
- IT Cystic fibrosis
Human
Hydrophobicity
Structure-activity relationship

10/562085

(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

IT CFTR (cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator)
Chloride channel
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

IT Anesthetics
(general; general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

IT 56-65-5, 5'-ATP, biological studies 142008-29-5, Protein kinase A
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

IT 111-70-6, 1-Heptanol 112-30-1, 1-Decanol 123-96-6,
2-Octanol 29063-28-3, Octanol, biological studies
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
(general anesthetic octanol and related compds. activate wild-type and delF508 cystic fibrosis chloride channels)

10/562085

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L15 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:300514 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:331617
TITLE: Oil-in-water emulsion compositions for polyfunctional active ingredients
INVENTOR(S): Chen, Feng-jing; Patel, Mahesh V.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lipocene, Inc., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001028555	A1	20010426	WO 2000-US28835	20001018
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 2002107265	A1	20020808	US 1999-420159	19991018
US 6720001	B2	20040413		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-420159 A 19991018
AB Pharmaceutical oil-in-water emulsions for delivery of polyfunctional active ingredients with improved loading capacity, enhanced stability, and reduced irritation and local toxicity are described. Emulsions include an aqueous phase, an oil phase comprising a structured triglyceride, and an emulsifier. The structured triglyceride of the oil phase is substantially free of triglycerides having three medium chain (C6-C12) fatty acid moieties, or a combination of a long chain triglyceride and a polarity-enhancing polarity modifier. The present invention also provides methods of treating an animal with a polyfunctional active ingredient, using dosage forms of the pharmaceutical emulsions. For example, an emulsion was prepared, with cyclosporin A as the polyfunctional active ingredient dissolved in an oil phase including a structured triglyceride (Captex 810D) and a long chain triglyceride (safflower oil). The compn. contained (by weight) cyclosporin A 1.0, Captex 810D 5.0, safflower oil 5.0, BHT 0.02, egg phospholipid 2.4, dimyristoylphosphatidyl glycerol 0.2, glycerol 2.25, EDTA 0.01, and water up to 100%, resp.
IT 111-87-5, Octanol, properties
RL: PRP (Properties)
(-water partition; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
RN 111-87-5 CAPLUS
CN 1-Octanol (CA INDEX NAME)

HO (CH₂)₇-Me

8/7/2007

10/562085

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/562085

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L15 1 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
IC ICM A61K031-355
ICS A61K031-20
CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
TI Oil-in-water emulsion compositions for polyfunctional active ingredients
ST glyceride emulsion polyfunctional drug delivery
IT Vaccines
 (Haemophilus influenzae type B; oil-in-water emulsion compns.
 for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Monoglycerides
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (acetates; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Ubiquinones
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (acetyl; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Lung
Lymphatic system
Mucous membrane
 (administration by; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Drug delivery systems
 (aerosols; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (almond; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Peptides, biological studies
Proteins, general, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (amphiphilic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (animal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Proteins, specific or class
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (apoproteins; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (babassu; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Natural products, pharmaceutical
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (belladonna; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (borage seed; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Drug delivery systems

(buccal, drops and sprays; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Lipids, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(cationic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Uterus
(cervix, drops and sprays for; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(cholera; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Gonadotropins
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(chorionic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(currant, Ribes nigrum seed; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Bath preparations
(douches; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(elixirs; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(emu; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(emulsions; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(enteric; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(essential; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(esters, lower alc.; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Corn oil
Diglycerides
Fatty acids, biological studies
Glycerides, biological studies
Monoglycerides
Sterols
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(ethoxylated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(evening primrose; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
Amines, biological studies

Quaternary ammonium compounds, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(fatty; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(fish; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(gels; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(grape seed; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Mucopolysaccharides, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(heparinoids; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(hepatitis A, inactivated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(hepatitis B, inactivated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Castor oil
Coconut oil
Cottonseed oil
Palm oil
Soybean oil
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(hydrogenated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(influenza; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(inhalants; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.m.; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections, i.v.; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(injections; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(liniments; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(lotions; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(measles; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Osmotic pressure
(modifiers; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional

10/562085

active ingredients)
IT Vaccines
(mumps; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(mustard; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Drug delivery systems
(nasal sprays; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Drug delivery systems
(nasal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Antibacterial agents
Beverages
Buffers
Chelating agents
Coloring materials
Emulsifying agents
Encapsulation
Evaporation
Extrusion, nonbiological
Filtration
Flavoring materials
Freeze drying
Homogenization
Melting
Mixing
Odor and Odorous substances
Partition
Preservatives
Radiation
Size reduction
Solubilization
Solubilizers
Solvents
Sonication
Spraying
Sterilization and Disinfection
Vaccines
(oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
IT Acids, biological studies
Bases, biological studies
Bile acids
Bile salts
Canola oil
Carbohydrates, biological studies
Carotenes, biological studies
Castor oil
Ceramides
Coconut oil
Corn oil
Cottonseed oil
Enkephalins
Fatty acids, biological studies
Glycerides, biological studies
Glycolipids

10/562085

Interleukin 2
Interleukin 3
Linseed oil
Lipoproteins
Lysophospholipids
Monoglycerides
Olive oil
Palm kernel oil
Palm oil
Peanut oil
Phosphatidic acids
Phosphatidylcholines, biological studies
Phosphatidylethanolamines, biological studies
Phosphatidylglycerols
Phosphatidylinositols
Phosphatidylserines
Phospholipids, biological studies
Polymers, biological studies
Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
Rape oil
Safflower oil
Soybean oil
Sphingomyelins
Sphingosines
Sunflower oil
Trace elements, biological studies
Tumor necrosis factors
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(ointments, creams; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(ophthalmic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(parenterals; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Drug delivery systems
(pastes; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Antioxidants
(pharmaceutical; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Infection
(plague, vaccine against; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Growth factors, animal
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(platelet-derived human; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Vaccines
(pneumococcal, polyvalent; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Alcohols, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polyhydric; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

10/562085

- IT Fatty acids, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(polyunsatd., triglycerides; oil-in-water emulsion compns.
for polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(rectal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(sesame; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(shark-liver oil; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(solns., nasal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(solns., ophthalmic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(solns.; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Phospholipids, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(soya; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(sprays, ophthalmic; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(sublingual; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(suppositories, vaginal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(suppositories; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(tinctures; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(topical; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(transdermal; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for
polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Human poliovirus
(vaccine containing inactivated and live; oil-in-water emulsion
compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)
- IT Human herpesvirus 3
Japanese encephalitis virus
Mycobacterium BCG
Neisseria meningitidis
Rabies virus
Rotavirus
Salmonella typhi

Yellow fever virus
(vaccine; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Infection
(variola, vaccine; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(vegetable, ethoxylated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(vegetable, hydrogenated; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(vegetable; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Interferons
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(α ; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT Interferons
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(β ; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT 111-87-5, Octanol, properties
RL: PRP (Properties)
(-water partition; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active ingredients)

IT 50-14-6, Ergocalciferol 50-21-5D, Lactic acid, glycerides 50-24-8, Prednisolone 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 50-34-0, Propantheline bromide 50-56-6, Oxytocin, biological studies 50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies 51-15-0, Pralidoxime chloride 51-43-4, Epinephrine 51-48-9, L-Thyroxine, biological studies 51-55-8, Atropine, biological studies 51-60-5, Neostigmine methyl sulfate 52-01-7, Spironolactone 52-24-4, Thiopeta 55-98-1, Busulfan 56-81-5; Glycerol, biological studies 57-13-6, Urea, biological studies 57-22-7, Vincristine 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies 57-55-6D, Propylene glycol, fatty acid esters 57-64-7, Physostigmine salicylate 57-83-0, Progesterone, biological studies 57-88-5, Cholesterol, biological studies 57-88-5D, Cholesterol, fatty acid esters and polyethoxylated 57-94-3, Tubocurarine chloride 59-05-2, Methotrexate 60-31-1, Acetylcholine chloride 62-31-7, Dopamine hydrochloride 63-91-2, Phenylalanine, biological studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 65-28-1, Phentolamine mesylate 66-76-2, Dicoumarol 67-20-9, Nitrofurantoin 67-45-8, Furazolidone 67-96-9, Dihydrotachysterol 67-97-0, Cholecalciferol 68-19-9, Vitamin B12 69-65-8, D-Mannitol 70-51-9, Deferoxamine 71-27-2, Suxamethonium chloride 74-89-5, Methanamine, biological studies 76-57-3, Codeine 76-90-4, Mepenzolate bromide 76-99-3, Methadone 77-19-0, Dicyclomine 83-44-3, Deoxycholic acid 87-33-2, Isosorbide dinitrate 89-57-6, Mesalamine 101-26-8, Pyridostigmine bromide 104-31-4, Benzonatate 107-21-1, Ethylene glycol, biological studies 112-80-1, Oleic acid, biological studies 113-15-5, Ergotamine 113-92-8, Chlorpheniramine 114-07-8, Erythromycin 114-80-7, Neostigmine bromide 115-77-5, Pentaerythritol, biological studies 121-44-8, Triethylamine, biological studies 122-32-7, Glyceryl trioleate 125-84-8, Aminoglutethimide 126-07-8, Griseofulvin 129-06-6, Warfarin sodium 131-49-7, Diatrizoate

meglumine 140-64-7, Pentamidine isethionate 147-94-4, Cytarabine
 154-21-2, Lincomycin 155-97-5, Pyridostigmine 298-46-4,
 5H-Dibenz[b,f]azepine-5-carboxamide 298-57-7, Cinnarizine 298-81-7,
 Methoxsalen 299-42-3, Ephedrine 300-62-9, Amphetamine 302-79-4,
 Tretinoin 303-49-1, Clomipramine 321-64-2, Tacrine 359-83-1,
 Pentazocine 378-44-9, Betamethasone 404-86-4, Capsaicin 437-38-7,
 Fentanyl 443-48-1, Metronidazole 502-65-8, Lycopene 511-12-6,
 Dihydroergotamine 520-85-4, Medroxyprogesterone 537-40-6, Glyceryl
 trilinoleate 541-15-1, Carnitine 595-33-5 596-51-0, Glycopyrrolate
 616-91-1, Acetylcysteine 665-66-7, Amantadine hydrochloride 737-31-5,
 Diatrizoate sodium 865-21-4, Vinblastin 911-45-5, Clomiphene
 1115-70-4, Metformin hydrochloride 1134-47-0, Baclofen 1264-72-8,
 Colistin sulfate 1319-82-0, Aminocaproic acid 1397-89-3, Amphotericin
 B 1403-66-3, Gentamycin 1404-90-6, Vancomycin 1405-20-5, Polymixin B
 sulfate 1405-37-4, Capreomycin sulfate 1405-87-4, Bacitracin
 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 1492-18-8, Leucovorin
 calcium 1501-84-4, Rimantadine hydrochloride 1684-40-8, Tacrine
 hydrochloride 1695-77-8, Spectinomycin 1951-25-3, Amiodarone
 1972-08-3, Tetrahydrocannabinol 2016-88-8, Amiloride hydrochloride
 3056-17-5, Stavudine 3485-62-9, Clidinium bromide 3778-73-2,
 Isofosfamide 3930-20-9, Sotalol 4291-63-8, Cladribine 4419-39-0,
 Beclomethasone 4759-48-2, Isotretinoin 5104-49-4, Flurbiprofen
 5534-95-2, Pentagastrin 6493-05-6, Pentoxyfylline 6990-06-3, Fusidic
 acid 7261-97-4, Dantralene 7414-83-7, Etidronate disodium 7481-89-2,
 Zalcitabine 7648-98-8, Ambenonium 7689-03-4, Camptothecin 8068-28-8,
 Colistimethate sodium 9001-28-9, Factor IX 9002-01-1, Streptokinase
 9002-60-2, Corticotropin, biological studies 9004-17-5, NPH insulin
 9005-07-6, PEG 400 dioleate 9005-63-4D, fatty acid esters 9007-48-1,
 Plurol Oleique CC497 9007-92-5, Glucagon, biological studies
 9015-68-3, Asparaginase 9034-40-6, Gonadotropin releasing hormone
 9039-53-6, Urokinase 9041-08-1, Dalteparin sodium 9041-93-4, Bleomycin
 sulfate 9087-70-1, Aprotinin 10238-21-8, Glyburide 10540-29-1,
 Tamoxifen 10596-23-3, Clodronic acid 11000-17-2, Vasopressin
 11061-68-0, Human insulin 11103-57-4, Vitamin A 11140-04-8, Imwitor
 988 12001-79-5, Vitamin K 12584-58-6, Insulin porcine 12619-70-4,
 Cyclodextrin 12629-01-5, Human growth hormone 13265-10-6,
 Methscopolamine 14465-68-0, Glyceryl trilinolenate 15307-86-5,
 Diclofenac 15500-66-0, Pancuronium bromide 15574-96-6, Pizotifen
 15663-27-1, Cisplatin 15686-51-8, Clemastine 15686-71-2, Cephalexin
 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 15826-37-6, Cromolyn sodium 16679-58-6,
 Desmopressin 16960-16-0, Cosyntropin 17230-88-5, Danazol 18323-44-9,
 Clindamycin 18559-94-9, Albuterol 18883-66-4, Streptozocin
 19356-17-3, Calcifediol 20537-88-6, Amifostine 20594-83-6, Nalbuphine
 20830-75-5, Digoxin 21215-62-3, Human calcitonin 21256-18-8, Oxaprozin
 21679-14-1, Fludarabine 21829-25-4, Nifedipine 22254-24-6, Ipratropium
 bromide 22916-47-8, Miconazole 23031-32-5, Terbutaline sulfate
 23214-92-8, Doxorubicin 23288-49-5, Probucon 24356-60-3, Cephapirin
 sodium 25126-32-3, Sincalide 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol
 25322-69-4, Polypropylene glycol 25523-97-1, Dexchlorpheniramine
 25618-55-7, Polyglycerol 25812-30-0, Gemfibrozil 26839-75-8, Timolol
 27164-46-1, Cefazolin sodium 27203-92-5, Tramadol 29094-61-9,
 Glipizide 29122-68-7, Atenolol 29767-20-2, Teniposide 30516-87-1,
 Zidovudine 32222-06-3, Calcitriol 33069-62-4, Paclitaxel 33419-42-0,
 Etoposide 33515-09-2, Gonadorelin 33564-30-6, Cefoxitin sodium
 34787-01-4, Ticarcillin 34911-55-2, Bupropion 36791-04-5, Ribavirin
 37220-82-9, Peceol 37321-62-3, Lauroglycol FCC 38304-91-5, Minoxidil
 39809-25-1, Penciclovir 41340-25-4, Etodolac 41575-94-4, Carboplatin
 42057-22-7, Mezlocillin sodium 42540-40-9, Cefamandole nafate
 42924-53-8, Nabumetone 43200-80-2, Zopiclone 47931-85-1, Calcitonin

salmon 49562-28-9, Fenofibrate 49697-38-3, Rimexolone 50700-72-6,
 Vecuronium bromide 51110-01-1, Somatostatin 51322-75-9, Tizanidine
 51333-22-3, Budesonide 51384-51-1, Metoprolol 51481-61-9, Cimetidine
 53123-88-9, Sirolimus 53179-11-6, Loperamide 53230-10-7, Mefloquine
 53910-25-1, Pentostatin 54063-53-5, Propafenone 54910-89-3, Fluoxetine
 54965-21-8, Albendazole 55079-83-9, Acitretin 55142-85-3, Ticlopidine
 56180-94-0, Acarbose 57248-88-1, Pamidronate disodium 59277-89-3,
 Acyclovir 59467-70-8, Midazolam 59703-84-3, Piperacillin sodium
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional active
 ingredients)

IT 59865-13-3, Cyclosporin A 60142-96-3, Gabapentin 61270-78-8, Cefonicid
 sodium 61361-72-6, Dimyristoylphosphatidyl glycerol 61379-65-5,
 Rifapentine 61489-71-2, Menotropin 61869-08-7, Paroxetine
 62013-04-1, Dirithromycin 62356-64-3 62893-19-0, Cefoperazone
 63527-52-6, Cefotaxime 63585-09-1, Foscarnet sodium 63590-64-7,
 Terazosin 63612-50-0, Nilutamide 63675-72-9, Nisoldipine 64228-81-5,
 Atracurium besylate 64544-07-6, Cefuroxime axetil 65271-80-9,
 Mitoxantrone 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole 66376-36-1, Alendronate
 66419-50-9, Bovine growth hormone 68099-86-5, Bepridil hydrochloride
 68401-81-0, Ceftizoxime 68506-86-5, Vigabatrin 69049-74-7, Nedocromil
 sodium 69655-05-6, Didanosine 69756-53-2, Halofantrine 70288-86-7,
 Ivermectin 70458-92-3, Pefloxacin 70458-96-7, Norfloxacin
 71486-22-1, Vinorelbine 72432-03-2, Miglitol 72559-06-9, Rifabutine
 73384-59-5, Ceftriaxone 73590-58-6, Omeprazole 73963-72-1, Cilostazol
 74011-58-8, Enoxacin 74103-06-3, Ketonolac 74356-00-6, Cefotetan
 disodium 74381-53-6, Leuprolide acetate 75706-12-6, Leflunomide
 76420-72-9, Enalaprilat 76470-66-1, Loracarbef 76547-98-3, Lisinopril
 76824-35-6, Famotidine 76963-41-2, Nizatidine 78110-38-0, Aztreonam
 79350-37-1, Cefixime 79517-01-4, Octreotide acetate 79617-96-2,
 Sertraline 79794-75-5, Loratadine 79902-63-9, Simvastatin
 81093-37-0, Pravastatin 81098-60-4, Cisapride 81103-11-9,
 Clarithromycin 81161-17-3, Esmolol hydrochloride 82410-32-0,
 Ganciclovir 82419-36-1, Ofloxacin 82626-48-0, Zolpidem 82952-64-5,
 Trimetrexate glucuronate 83799-24-0, Fexofenadine 83869-56-1,
 Granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor 83881-51-0, Cetirizine
 83905-01-5, Azithromycin 84057-84-1, Lamotrigine 84371-65-3,
 Mifepristone 84449-90-1, Raloxifene 84625-61-6, Itraconazole
 85721-33-1, Ciprofloxacin 86386-73-4, Fluconazole 86541-75-5,
 Benazepril 87679-37-6, Trandolapril 88669-04-9, Trospectomycin
 89778-26-7, Toremifene 89987-06-4, Tiludronate 90357-06-5,
 Bicalutamide 91161-71-6, Terbinafine 93390-81-9, Fosphenytoin
 93413-69-5, Venlafaxine 93479-97-1, Glimepiride 93957-54-1,
 Fluvastatin 94749-08-3, Salmeterol xinafoate 95233-18-4, Atovaquone
 97240-79-4, Topiramate 97322-87-7, Troglitazone 97682-44-5, Irinotecan
 98079-51-7, Lomefloxacin 98319-26-7, Finasteride 100986-85-4,
 Levofloxacin 101828-21-1, Butenafine 103577-45-3, Lansoprazole
 103628-46-2, Sumatriptan 104227-87-4, Famciclovir 104987-11-3,
 Tacrolimus 105462-24-6, Risedronic acid 106133-20-4, Tamsulosin
 106650-56-0, Sibutramine 106819-53-8, Doxacurium chloride 106861-44-3,
 Mivacurium chloride 107648-80-6, Cefepime hydrochloride 107753-78-6,
 Zafirlukast 110871-86-8, Sparfloxacin 111025-46-8, Pioglitazone
 111406-87-2, Zileuton 112965-21-6, Calcipotriene 113189-02-9,
 Antihemophilic factor 113665-84-2, Clopidogrel 113852-37-2, Cidofovir
 115103-54-3, Tiagabine 116094-23-6, Insulin aspart 117976-89-3,
 Rabeprazole 118072-93-8, Zoledronate 118292-40-3, Tazarotene
 119914-60-2, Grepafloxacin 120014-06-4, Donepezil 121368-58-9,
 Olpadronate 121679-13-8, Naratriptan 122320-73-4, Rosiglitazone
 123948-87-8, Topotecan 124832-26-4, Valaciclovir 127759-89-1,

10/562085

Lobucavir 127779-20-8, Saquinavir 129497-78-5, Verteporfin
131918-61-1, Paricalcitol 133040-01-4, Eprosartan 133107-64-9, Insulin
lispro 134523-00-5, Atorvastatin 134678-17-4, Lamivudine
135062-02-1, Repaglinide 137862-53-4, Valsartan 138402-11-6,
Irbesartan 139110-80-8, Zanamivir 139264-17-8, Zolmitriptan
139481-59-7, Candesartan 139639-23-9, Tissue type plasminogen activator
143003-46-7, Alglucerase 143011-72-7, Granulocyte colony stimulating
factor 144034-80-0, Rizatriptan 144494-65-5, Tirofiban 144701-48-4,
Telmisartan 145599-86-6, Cerivastatin 145941-26-0, Oprelvekin
146961-76-4, Alatrofloxacin 147059-72-1, Trovafloxacin 148553-50-8,
Pregabalin 151126-32-8, Pramlintide 153559-49-0, Targretin
154361-50-9, Capecitabine 154598-52-4, Efavirenz 155213-67-5,
Ritonavir 156259-68-6, Capmul MCM 157810-81-6, Indinavir sulfate
158747-02-5, Frovatriptan 158966-92-8, Montelukast 159989-64-7,
Nelfinavir 160337-95-1, Insulin glargine 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib
165101-51-9, Bevacizumab 169148-63-4, Insulin detemir 169590-42-5,
Celecoxib 173146-27-5, Denileukin diftitox 191588-94-0, TNK-tPA
208666-87-9, Captex 810D

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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IT 9003-98-9, Dornase 11096-26-7, Epoetin

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(α; oil-in-water emulsion compns. for polyfunctional
active ingredients)